





e-Planning Core Fundamentos de e-Planning

The ICT Qualitative Leap

2007-2023

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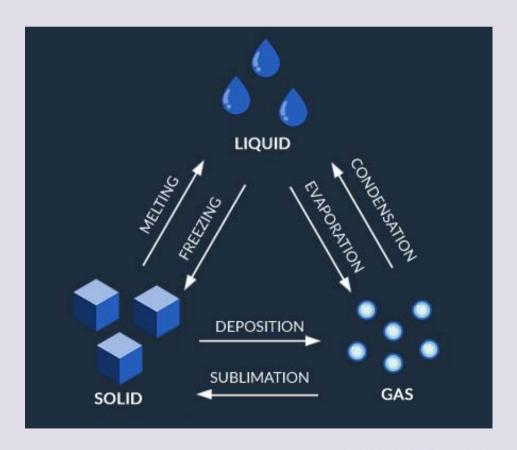
Are recent ICT developments a Qualitative Leap?

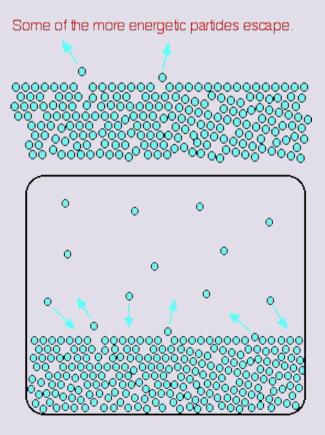
ICT-Information & Communication Technologies





What is a Qualitative Leap?









ICT Qualitative Leap:

- 1. The Nature of Last Generation of ICT: "enabling factor" and social decision models
- 2. The Intrinsic Nature of Information Technologies
- 3. The ICT transversal impact (on economy, sovereignty, regulation, administration...)

ICT-Information & Communication Technologies





1. The Nature of Last Generation of ICT: "enabling factor" and social decision models

Democracy cannot extend beyond the reach of a man's voice

(Plato, according to Wriston)

Who will serve (the state) has its herald unless he has the lungs of a Stentor?

(Aristotle, Polit, VII, 1326 b, 7-11)

to know each other [personal character] therefore it is clear that is / for it to be a state limiting principle the best the expansion [dimension, size] of the population / multitude the largest / hiperbole / expansion so that city (autarcy) life can be taken in at one view (sinoptic)

In (Ferraz de Abreu), 2002"New Information Technologies in Public Participation: A Challenge to Old Decision-making Institutional Frameworks"





Table 7.3.1.-1 - Period before broadcasting

>600 BC	The abacus (=arithmetic unit of CPU) is invented in China	
387 BC	Foundation of Plato's Academy	
1450	Printing press invented (Johannes Gutenberg)	
1876	First telephone patent (Alexander Bell)	

Table 7.3.1.-2 - Period between broadcasting and microcomputer + world wide network

1906	First broadcast of human voice, AM radio (Reginald Fessenden)	
1930	18 million radios owned by 60% USA households	
1936	Regular TV broadcast begins in UK	
1956	72 % USA households own a TV	
1968	First ARPANET (IMP), installed at UCLA (precursor to INTERNET)	

Table 7.3.1.-3 - Period after microcomputer + world wide communications network

1971	First microcomputer in USA	
1972	Created the InterNetwork Working Group, creating the INTERNET	
1975	First Personal Computer (PC) introduced	
1991	First Internet Web Server and Web Browser (CERN)	
2001	529 million people on-line (Internet)	



IIII OUSP MIT

1. The ICT "enabling factor":

Evolution of Information & Communication Technology and its impact on social decision models

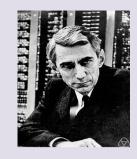
In Ferraz de Abreu, P. 2002
"New Information
Technologies in Public
Participation: A Challenge to
Old Decision-making
Institutional Frameworks",
MIT PhD Thesis

(first working paper, 1994) (first presented at University of Massachusetts at Darthmouth, USA, October 2-3, 1999)

Information	Features / Attributes	Decision Models
Technology		
	from "few" to "few"	
Voice	• limited reach	Direct Democracy
Manuscript	 without auxiliary processing 	Heterogeneous Empires
1.0	· cheap, potentially universal access	
	(low cost to enter the market)	
	(**************************************	
	 low control / regulatory costs 	
	• from "few" to "many"	
Press	nem len le many	Representative
1 1000	 non-limited reach 	Democracy
	non innica reasin	<u> Domooraoy</u>
Radio	 with processing in source 	
riadio	with proceeding in oduree	Homogeneous
	• expensive, restricted access (high	Dictatorships
l tv l	cost to enter the market)	Biotatororiipo
	cost to office the markety	
	 average control / regulatory costs 	
	from "many" to "many"	
Satellite network		<u>Participatory</u>
	 non-limited reach 	Democracy
Fiber optics net	 with processing in source and 	
The statement of the st	destination	
		Technocrat
μcomputer	 moderate access cost, potentially 	Dictatorships
	universal (low cost to enter the	- Committee and the control of the c
	market)	
Internet	•	
	 high control / regulatory costs 	



ICT Qualitative Leap:







NEXT

2. The Intrinsic Nature of Information Technologies





ICT Qualitative Jump - a few key concepts ...

qualitative jump

• power

- entropy

- decision

- engine

- enabling function

- efficiency gains

- transaction costs

- wealth

- broadcast vs network

- reproduction costs

- emitter vs receiver

- technology

- download vs upload

- communication

- chain of tenure

- media

- locked ict ecosystems





Participatory Science CITIDEP PROGRAMS Citizenship & ICT

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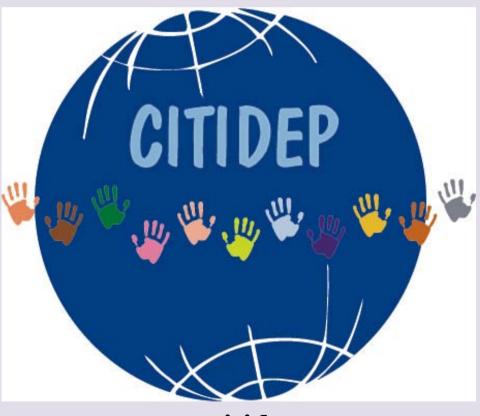
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III; NUSP MIT

- ICT & participatory science
- ICT & participatory democracy
- ICT, inclusion & cooperation
- ICT, policy & strategy

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Smart Cities, Cohesion& Participatory Systems

Internet Governance,
 Open Data, Security &
 Privacy

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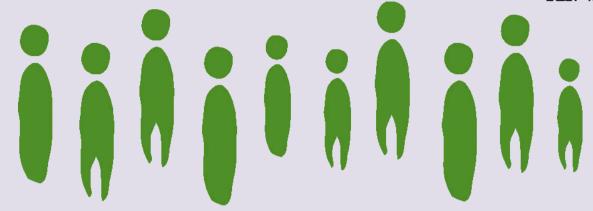
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- ICT & Inclusion, Literacy, Cooperation
- Smart Cities, Cohesion& Participatory Systems
- Internet Governance,Open Data, Security &Privacy

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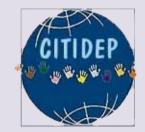
(em fase de proposta na FA-UL)





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